<u>Rappel</u>: la semaine dernière vous avez utilisé <u>BE + going to + verbe</u> pour exprimer des intentions ou des prévisions fondées sur des indices. Exemple : At the weekend I'm going to buy some shoes.

On utilise également <u>WILL</u> (forme affirmative) et <u>WON'T</u> (négative) suivi de la base verbale pour parler du futur et des prédictions à l'avenir.

Exemple: I will go to New York next summer/ When I'm 15 I will go to high school.

## Partie I: Reading comprehension. Read the texts and answer the questions !!

#### Samuel, 27

I think a lot of things will change in 2050. India will overtake China as the first largest economy in the world, but the country will have many problems with its demographics. The world will also have a lot of problems with the pollution and the climate changing. We will need to find other resources, because there will be more than nine billion people on Earth in 2050. We will also need to build spaceships to travel to the Moon and to Mars, because we will have to take resources from these places.

## <u>Lea, 25</u>

Our world won't be the same in 2050. We will improve our technology and everybody will be able to speak at least five languages. People will live longer and we won't have health problems, because we will improve our knowledge on medicine. We will also live in peace and the different countries won't have nuclear weapons anymore. We will also have a single world government as we already have the *IMF* (*International Monetary Fund*). I think 2050 will be a great year for mankind.

#### Samuel:

1) What country will overtake China?
2) What sort of problems will the world have?
3) How many people will there be on the Earth in 2050?
4) Where will we be able to travel?
<u>Lea:</u>
1) How many languages will people be able to speak?
2) Why won't people have health problems?

Partie II: Grammar exercises.	
	Choose will /won't or be going to
3. Put the words into the correct order.	1. Look at the clouds! I think (rain. )You should take an umbrella!
1. go out / will / you / tonight ?	2. There isn't any milk left in the fridge.  I know, I(do)the shopping this afternoon.
4. next week / won't / it / be cold .	3.Sally is a big girl now. We(buy)
5. by car / she / travel / will ?	her a scooter.
6. live / on the Mars / won't / people	4.When I'm older I(be) a
8. London/ to/ go/ Joe / will/ when?	teacher because I hate school. I
	(be )a vet because I love animals.
Partie III: Expression écrite:answer t	he questions!!!
) Which high school will you go to?	<del> </del>
?) What profession will you choose in the	e future?
B) Will you stay in Reunion Island?	
) Will you go on holiday in the summer v	vacation?
5) Do you think the Corona virus will disc	appear?

Imagine!! What will life be like in 2050? Ecrivez 5 phrases dans chaque colonne du tableu en -dessous pour décrire le monde futur d'après toi!!

Will + verbe exemple: there w	vill be	Won't + verbe : exemple : We won't have teachers but robots and virtual school!		
-		-		
-				
_				
-				
-				
<b>- </b>	4.			
Partie IV: Listening comprehension.(si vous n'avez pas accès à pronote ou le blog vous ne faites pas cette partie)				
Ecoutez le document en fichier MP4 et répondez aux questions suivantes!				
1) What is the girl's name and where is she from?				
2) How old will she be in September?				
3) What sort of school will she go to?				
4) What are her future plans?				
5) What is the boy's name and where is he from?				
6) Where will he move to next year?				
7) What is his favourite sport?				
8) When he's 16 what will he be able to do?				
Partie V: Vocabulary work: What's the English/French for?				
Next year	diplâ	)me		
High school	étud	ier		
Boarding school	dém	enager		
surgeon	perm	nis de conduire		

# Correction: TEXT One school

# One school, 71 languages (answer key)

## Exercise 1:

- 1. community college
- 2. multicultural
- 3. improve
- 4. immerse
- 5.surrounded
- 6. period
- 7.settle down
- 8. activities
- 9.motivated
- 10.experiences
- 11. scar
- 12.proud

## Exercise 2:

- 1. b
- 2. c
- 3. b
- 4. c
- 5. b
- 6.a

#### Exercise 3:

- 1. GCSE: general certificate of secondary education est un examen passé à la fin de la période scolaire obligatoire.
- 2. 16 years old
- 3. In France we have the « Brevet des Collèges »